



Computing

KS3 Progression Map: Teacher

	Algorithms	Programming & Development	Data & Data Representation	Hardware & Processing	Communication & Networks	Information Technology
New GCSE						
7+	<p>Recognises that the design of an algorithm is distinct from its expression in a programming language (which will depend on the programming constructs available). (AL) (AB)</p> <p>Evaluates the effectiveness of algorithms and models for similar problems. (AL) (AB) (GE)</p> <p>Recognises where information can be filtered out in generalising problem solutions. (AL) (AB) (GE)</p> <p>Uses logical reasoning to explain how an algorithm works. (AL) (AB) (DE)</p> <p>Represents algorithms using structured language. (AL) (DE) (AB)</p>	<p>Appreciates the effect of the scope of a variable e.g. a local variable can't be accessed from outside its function. (AB) (AL)</p> <p>Understands and applies parameter passing. (AB) (GE) (DE)</p> <p>Understands the difference between, and uses, both pre-tested e.g. 'while', and post-tested e.g. 'until' loops. (AL)</p> <p>Applies a modular approach to error detection and correction. (AB) (DE) (GE)</p>	<p>Knows the relationship between data representation and data quality. (AB)</p> <p>Understands the relationship between binary and electrical circuits, including Boolean logic. (AB)</p> <p>Understands how and why values are data typed in many different languages when manipulated within programs. (AB)</p>	<p>Knows that processors have instruction sets and that these relate to low-level instructions carried out by a computer. (AB) (AL) (GE)</p> <p>Understands the von Neumann architecture in relation to the fetch-execute cycle, including how data is stored in memory. (AB) (GE)</p> <p>Understand the purpose of embedded systems</p> <p>Understands the basic function and operation of location addressable memory. (AB)</p>	<p>Knows the purpose of the hardware and protocols associated with networking computer systems. (AB) (AL)</p> <p>Understands the client-server model including how dynamic web pages use server-side scripting and that web servers process and store data entered by users. (AL) (AB) (DE)</p> <p>Recognises that persistence of data on the internet requires careful protection of online identity and privacy.</p>	<p>Undertakes creative projects that collect, analyse, and evaluate data to meet the needs of a known user group. (AL) (DE) (EV)</p> <p>Effectively designs and creates digital artefacts for a wider or remote audience. (AL) (DE)</p> <p>Considers the properties of media when importing them into digital artefacts. (AB)</p> <p>Documents user feedback, the improvements identified and the refinements made to the solution. (AB)</p> <p>Explains and justifies how the use of technology impacts on society, from the perspective of social, economical, political, legal, ethical and moral issues. (EV)</p>
6	<p>Understands a recursive solution to a problem repeatedly applies the same solution to smaller instances of the problem. (AL) (GE)</p> <p>Recognises that some problems share the same characteristics and use the same algorithm to solve both. (AL) (GE)</p> <p>Understands the notion of performance for algorithms and appreciates that some algorithms have different performance</p> <p>Uses and manipulates one and two-dimensional data structures. (AB)</p> <p>Detects and corrects syntactical errors. (AL)</p> <p>Can write basic file handling routines</p>	<p>Uses nested selection statements. (AL)</p> <p>Appreciates the need for, and writes, custom functions including use of parameters. (AL) (AB)</p> <p>Knows the difference between, and uses appropriately, procedures and functions. (AL) (AB)</p> <p>Understands and uses negation with operators. (AL)</p> <p>Uses and manipulates one and two-dimensional data structures. (AB)</p> <p>Detects and corrects syntactical errors. (AL)</p> <p>Can write basic file handling routines</p>	<p>Understands how numbers, images, sounds and character sets use the same bit patterns. (AB) (GE)</p> <p>Performs simple operations using bit patterns e.g. binary addition. (AB) (AL)</p> <p>Understands the relationship between resolution and colour depth, including the effect on file size. (AB)</p> <p>Distinguishes between data used in a simple program (a variable) and the storage structure for that data. (AB)</p> <p>Knows a wide range of system security vulnerabilities and how to avoid them</p>	<p>Understands the von Neumann architecture in relation to the fetch-execute cycle, including how data is stored in memory. (AB) (GE)</p> <p>Understand the purpose of embedded systems</p> <p>Understands the basic function and operation of location addressable memory. (AB)</p>	<p>Knows the names of hardware e.g. hubs, routers, switches, and the names of protocols e.g. SMTP, IMAP, POP, FTP, TCP/IP, associated with networking computer systems. (AB)</p> <p>Uses technologies and online services securely, and knows how to identify and report inappropriate conduct. (AL)</p>	<p>Justifies the choice of and independently combines and uses multiple digital devices, internet services and application software to achieve given goals. (EV)</p> <p>Evaluates the trustworthiness of digital content and considers the usability of visual design features when designing and creating digital artefacts for a known audience. (EV)</p> <p>Identifies and explains how the use of technology can impact on society.</p> <p>Designs criteria for users to evaluate the quality of solutions, uses the feedback from the users to identify improvements and can make appropriate refinements to the solution. (EV)</p>
5	<p>Understands that iteration is the repetition of a process such as a loop. (AL)</p> <p>Recognises that different algorithms exist for the same problem. (AL) (GE)</p> <p>Represents solutions using a structured notation. (AL) (AB)</p> <p>Can identify similarities and differences in situations and can use these to solve problems (pattern recognition). (GE)</p> <p>Be able to create a basic search and bubble sort algorithm</p>	<p>Has practical experience of a high-level textual language, including using standard libraries when programming. (AB) (AL)</p> <p>Uses a range of operators and expressions e.g. Boolean, and applies them in the context of program control. (AL)</p> <p>Selects the appropriate data types. (AL) (AB)</p>	<p>Knows that digital computers use binary to represent all data. (AB)</p> <p>Understands how bit patterns represent numbers and images. (AB)</p> <p>Knows that computers transfer data in binary. (AB)</p> <p>Understands the relationship between binary and file size (uncompressed). (AB)</p> <p>Defines data types: real numbers and Boolean. (AB)</p> <p>Queries data on one table using a typical query language. (AB)</p> <p>Identify forms of attack and how to avoid them e.g. DDOS, SQL injections</p>	<p>Recognises and understands the function of the main internal parts of basic computer architecture.</p> <p>Understands CPU components and their functions and how they relate to memory (AB)</p> <p>Understands the concepts behind the fetch-execute cycle. (AB) (AL)</p> <p>Knows that there is a range of operating systems and application software for the same hardware.</p> <p>Knows the utilities available to maintain them. (AB)</p>	<p>Understands how search engines rank search results. (AL)</p> <p>Understands how to construct static web pages using HTML and CSS. (AL) (AB)</p> <p>Understands data transmission between digital computers over networks, including the internet i.e. IP addresses and packet switching. (AL) (AB)</p>	<p>Evaluates the appropriateness of digital devices, internet services and application software to achieve given goals. (EV)</p> <p>Recognises ethical issues surrounding the application of information technology beyond school.</p> <p>Designs criteria to critically evaluate the quality of solutions, uses the criteria to identify improvements and can make appropriate refinements to the solution. (EV)</p>
4	<p>Shows an awareness of tasks best completed by humans or computers. (EV)</p> <p>Designs solutions by decomposing a problem and creates a sub-solution for each of these parts. (DE) (AL) (AB)</p> <p>Recognises that different solutions exist for the same problem. (AL) (AB)</p>	<p>Understands the difference between, and appropriately uses if and if, then and else statements. (AL)</p> <p>Uses a variable and relational operators within loop to govern termination. (AL) (GE)</p> <p>Designs, writes and debugs modular programs using procedures. (AL) (DE) (AB) (GE)</p> <p>Knows that a procedure can be used to hide the detail with sub-solution. (AL) (DE) (AB) (GE)</p>	<p>Performs more complex searches for information e.g. using Boolean and relational operators. (AL) (GE) (EV)</p> <p>Analyses and evaluates data and information, and recognises that poor quality data leads to unreliable results, and inaccurate conclusions.</p> <p>List a wide range of security measures</p>	<p>Understands why and when computers are used. (EV)</p> <p>Understands the main functions of the operating system. (DE) (AB)</p> <p>Knows the difference between physical, wireless and mobile networks. (AB)</p>	<p>Understands how to effectively use search engines, and knows how search results are selected, including that search engines use 'web crawler programs'. (AB) (GE) (EV)</p> <p>Selects, combines and uses internet services. (EV)</p> <p>Demonstrates responsible use of technologies and online services, and knows a range of ways to report concerns.</p>	<p>Makes judgements about digital content when evaluating and repurposing it for a given audience. (EV) (GE)</p> <p>Recognises the audience when designing and creating digital content. (EV)</p> <p>Recognises the potential of information technology for collaboration when computers are networked. (GE)</p> <p>Uses criteria to evaluate the quality of solutions, can identify improvements making some refinements to the solution, and future</p>
3	<p>Designs solutions (algorithms) that use repetition and two-way selection i.e. if, then and else. (AL)</p> <p>Uses diagrams to express solutions. (AB)</p> <p>Uses logical reasoning to predict outputs, showing an awareness of inputs. (AL)</p>	<p>Creates programs that implement algorithms to achieve given goals. (AL)</p> <p>Declares and assigns variables. (AB)</p> <p>Uses post-tested loop e.g. 'until', and a sequence of selection statements in programs, including an if, then and else statement. (AL)</p>	<p>Understands the difference between data and information. (AB)</p> <p>Knows why sorting data in a flat file can improve searching for information. (EV)</p> <p>Uses filters or can perform single criteria searches for information. (AL)</p> <p>Can explain basic data security rules</p>	<p>Knows that computers collect data from various input devices, including sensors and application software. (AB)</p> <p>Understands the difference between hardware and application software, and their roles within a computer system. (AB)</p>	<p>Understands the difference between the internet and internet service e.g. world wide web. (AB)</p> <p>Shows an awareness of, and can use a range of internet services e.g. VOP.</p> <p>Recognises what is acceptable and unacceptable behaviour when using technologies and online services.</p>	<p>Collects, organises and presents data and information in digital content. (AB)</p> <p>Creates digital content to achieve a given goal through combining software packages and internet services to communicate with a wider</p> <p>Makes appropriate improvements to solutions based on feedback received, and can comment on the success of the solution. (EV)</p>
2	<p>Understands that algorithms are implemented on digital devices as programs. (AL)</p> <p>Designs simple algorithms using loops, and selection i.e. if statements. (AL)</p> <p>Uses logical reasoning to predict outcomes. (AL)</p> <p>Detects and corrects simple semantic errors i.e. debugging, in programs. (AL)</p> <p>Detects and corrects errors i.e. debugging, in algorithms. (AL)</p>	<p>Uses arithmetic operators, if statements, and loops, within programs. (AL)</p> <p>Uses logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of programs. (AL)</p> <p>Detects and corrects simple semantic errors i.e. debugging, in programs. (AL)</p>	<p>Recognises different types of data: text, number. (AB) (GE)</p> <p>Appreciates that programs can work with different types of data. (GE)</p> <p>Understands that data can be structured in tables to make it useful. (AB) (DE)</p> <p>Knows some ways of keeping data safe</p>	<p>Recognises that a range of digital devices can be considered a computer. (AB) (GE)</p> <p>Recognises and can use a range of input and output devices.</p> <p>Understands how programs specify the function of a general purpose computer. (AB)</p>	<p>Navigates the web and can carry out simple web searches to collect digital content. (AL)</p> <p>Demonstrates use of computers safely and responsibly, knowing a range of ways to report unacceptable content and contact when online.</p>	<p>Uses technology with increasing independence to purposefully organise digital content. (AL)</p> <p>Shows an awareness for the quality of digital content collected. (EV)</p> <p>Uses a variety of software to manipulate and present digital content: data and information.</p> <p>Shares their experiences of technology in school and beyond the classroom. (GE) (EV)</p> <p>Talks about their work and makes improvements to solutions based on feedback</p>
1	<p>Understands what an algorithm is and is able to express simple linear (non-branching) algorithms symbolically. (AL)</p> <p>Understands that computers need precise instructions. (AL)</p> <p>Demonstrates care and precision to avoid errors. (AL)</p>	<p>Knows that users can develop their own programs and can demonstrate this by creating a simple program in an environment that does not rely on text e.g. programmable robots etc.</p> <p>Executes, checks and changes programs. (AL)</p> <p>Understands that programs execute by following precise instructions. (AL)</p>	<p>Recognises that digital content can be represented in many forms. (AB) (GE)</p> <p>Distinguishes between some of these forms and can explain the different ways that they communicate information. (AB)</p> <p>Recognises the need to keep data safe</p>	<p>Understands that computers have no intelligence and that computers can do nothing unless a program is executed. (AL)</p> <p>Recognises that all software executed on digital devices is programmed. (AL) (AB) (GE)</p>	<p>Obtains content from the world wide web using a web browser. (AL)</p> <p>Understands the importance of communicating safely and respectfully online, and the need for keeping personal information private. (EV)</p> <p>Knows what to do when concerned about content or being contacted. (AL)</p>	<p>Uses software under the control of the teacher to create, store and edit digital content using appropriate file and folder names. (AB) (GE) (DE)</p> <p>Understands that people interact with computers.</p> <p>Shares their use of technology in school.</p> <p>Knows common uses of information technology beyond the classroom. (GE)</p> <p>Talks about their work and makes changes to improve it. (EV)</p>
P						

- AB Abstraction
- DE Decomposition
- AL Algorithmic Thinking
- EV Evaluation
- GE Generalisation (Patterns)